



Mulige energiforsyningssløsninger for områder som Zero Village Bergen

Presentasjon på seminaret "Bærekraftige bygninger og områder", HiB Kronstad, Bergen, 27.04.2016
Inger Andresen, professor NTNU
Igor Sartori, seniorforsker SINTEF Byggforsk



The Research Centre on
Zero Emission Buildings





The Research Centre on
Zero Emission Buildings



Illustrasjon: Snøhetta / MIR

ABOUT ZEB

[ZEB report nr. 24 - Life Cycle GHG Emissions of Material Use in the Living Laboratory](#)

This report documents the design and construction of the ZEB Living Laboratory in Trondheim; with a view to better understand the implication of design...

[Read More](#)

PARTNERS

[Videreutdanningskurs i prosjektering av nullutslippsbygg og plusshus](#)

Foto: Chris Aadland Ønsker du faglig påfyll og formell kompetanse i prosjektering av fremtidens bygninger? Da kan du melde deg på eksamsrettet videreutdanningskurs ved...

[Read More](#)

NEWS AND EVENTS

PUBLICATIONS

PILOT PROJECTS

LABORATORIES

CONTACT



Copyright © 2016 ZEB. All Rights Reserved.

Abra idé



The Research Centre on
Zero Emission Buildings

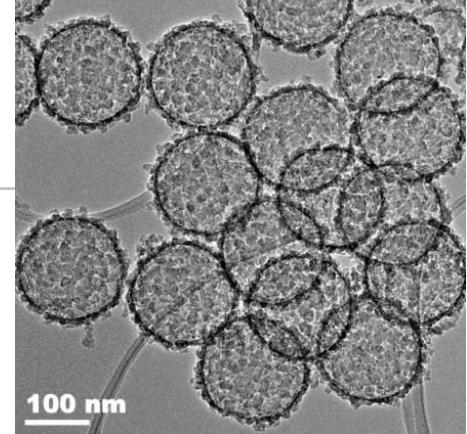


ZEB Research Activities

WP1 Advanced materials technologies

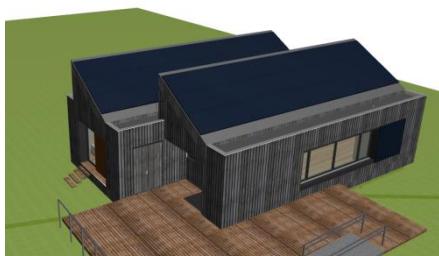


VIP Leca Isoblokk

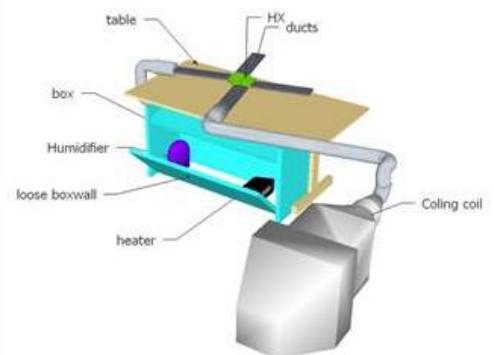


Nano insulation material

WP2 Climate-adapted low-energy envelope technologies



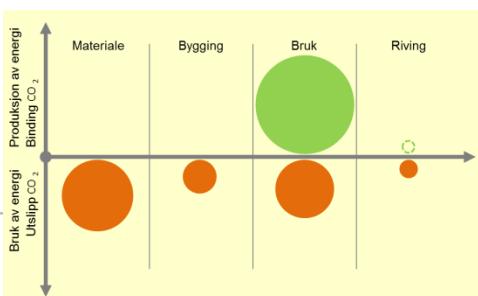
ZEB Living Lab



Membrane heat exchanger

WP3 Energy supply systems and services

WP4 Use, operation, and implementation



ZEB Definition

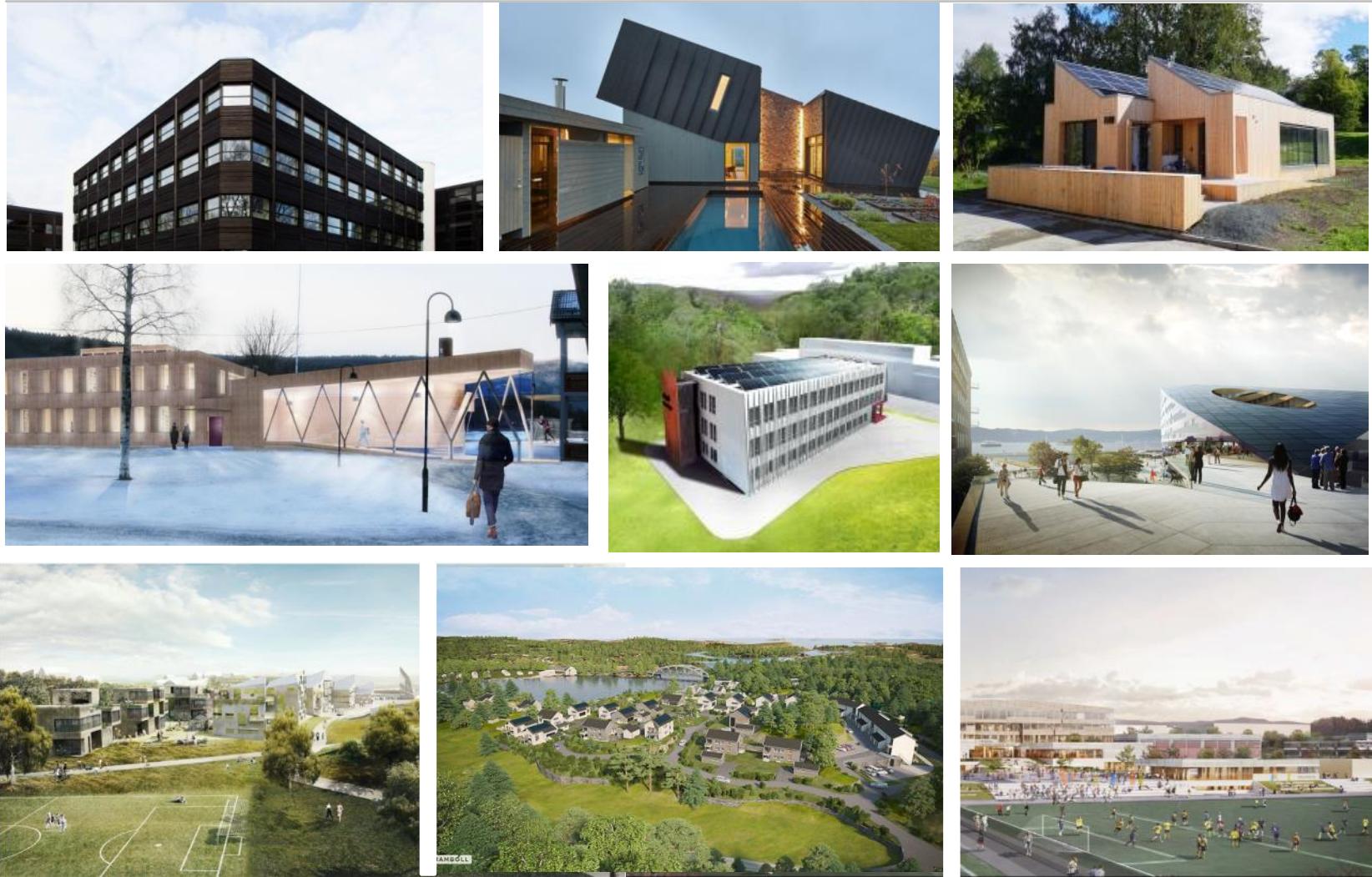
WP5 Concepts and strategies and Pilot buildings

ZEB Pilot buildings



The Research Centre on
Zero Emission Buildings

ZEB Pilot Buildings

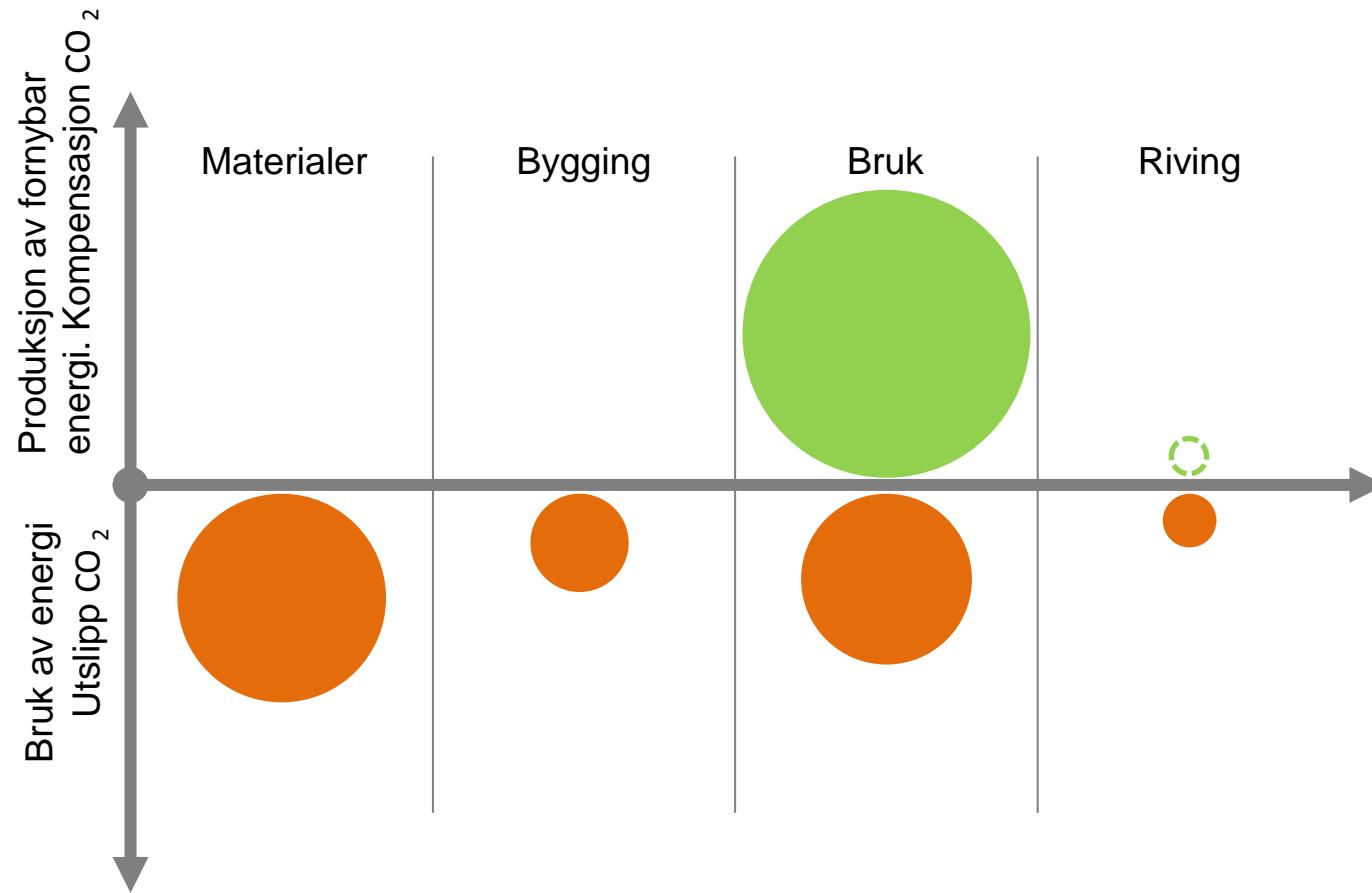


The Research Centre on
Zero Emission Buildings

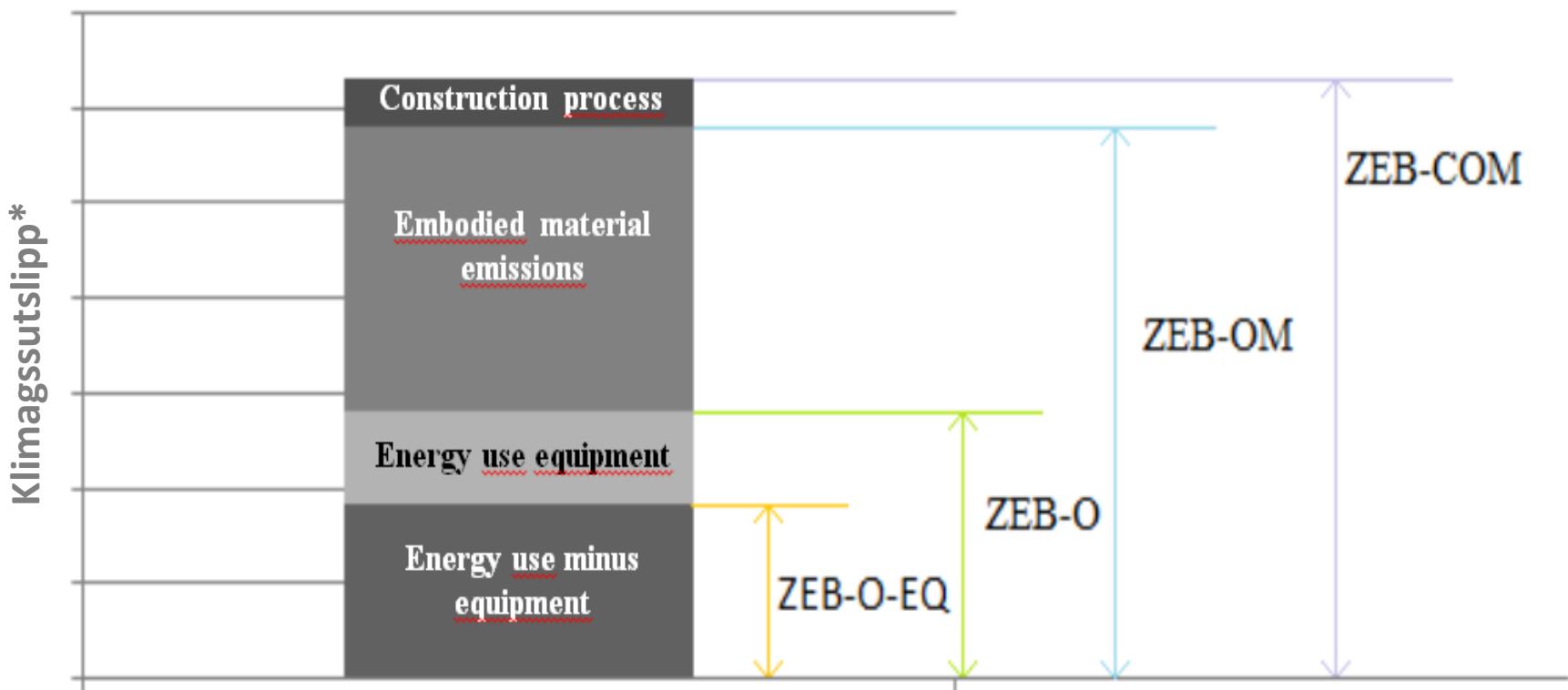
Inger Andresen, professor NTNU



Hva er et nullutslippsbygg?



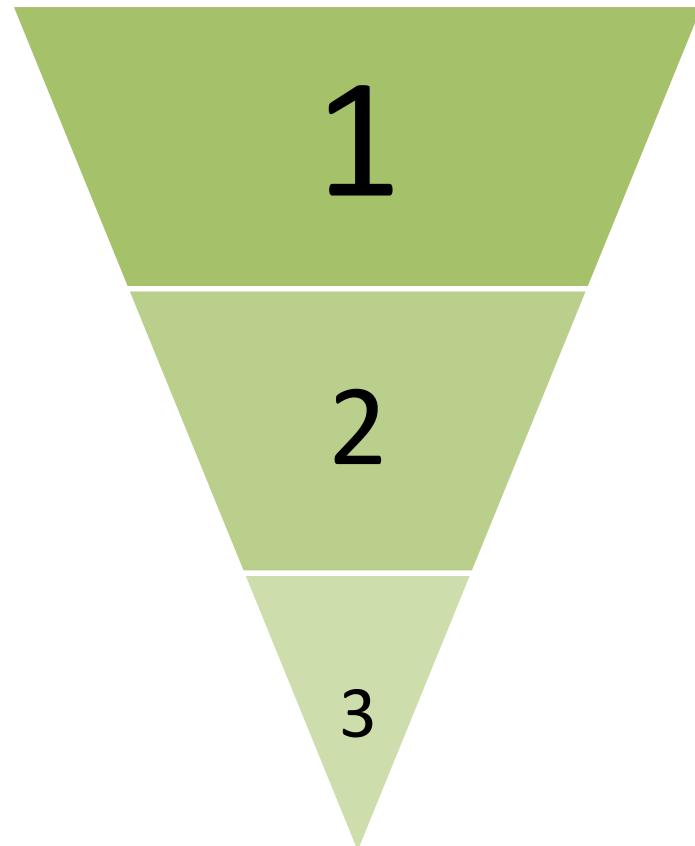
Ulike ambisjonsnivåer for ZEB



* Klimagassutslipp regnet i kg CO₂-ekv pr m² BRA pr år (lagt ut over 60 års levetid)

Strategi

1. Reduser energibehovet til drift av byggene
2. Reduser energibruken til fremstilling av materialer og konstruksjoner
3. Dekk det resterende behovet med produksjon av fornybar energi





ZERO VILLAGE BERGEN

www.zerovillage.no

- Ca 800 nye boliger på Ådland utenfor Bergen
- Utvikler: ByBo AS
- Arkitekt: Snøhetta
- Energirådgivere: ZEB senteret: SINTEF, NTNU, Multiconsult, Skanska

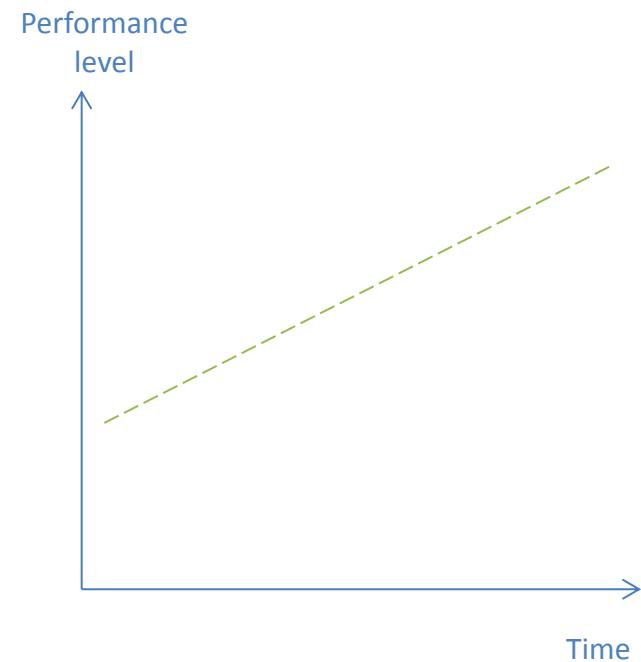


The Research Centre on
Zero Emission Buildings



ZEB performance goals for ZVB

- The area as a whole should reach the ZEB-O level
- The lowest performance level for single buildings should be ZEB-O÷EQ
- Within 2 years of project start, the ambition level should be raised to ZEB-OM.
- Within 4 years of project start, the ambition level should be raised to ZEB-COM.
- For projects with ZEB-O÷EQ level, there should be minimum requirements with regards to emissions from materials



The Research Centre on
Zero Emission Buildings





Illustrasjon: Snøhetta

Buildings typologies and zoning: 1st sketches

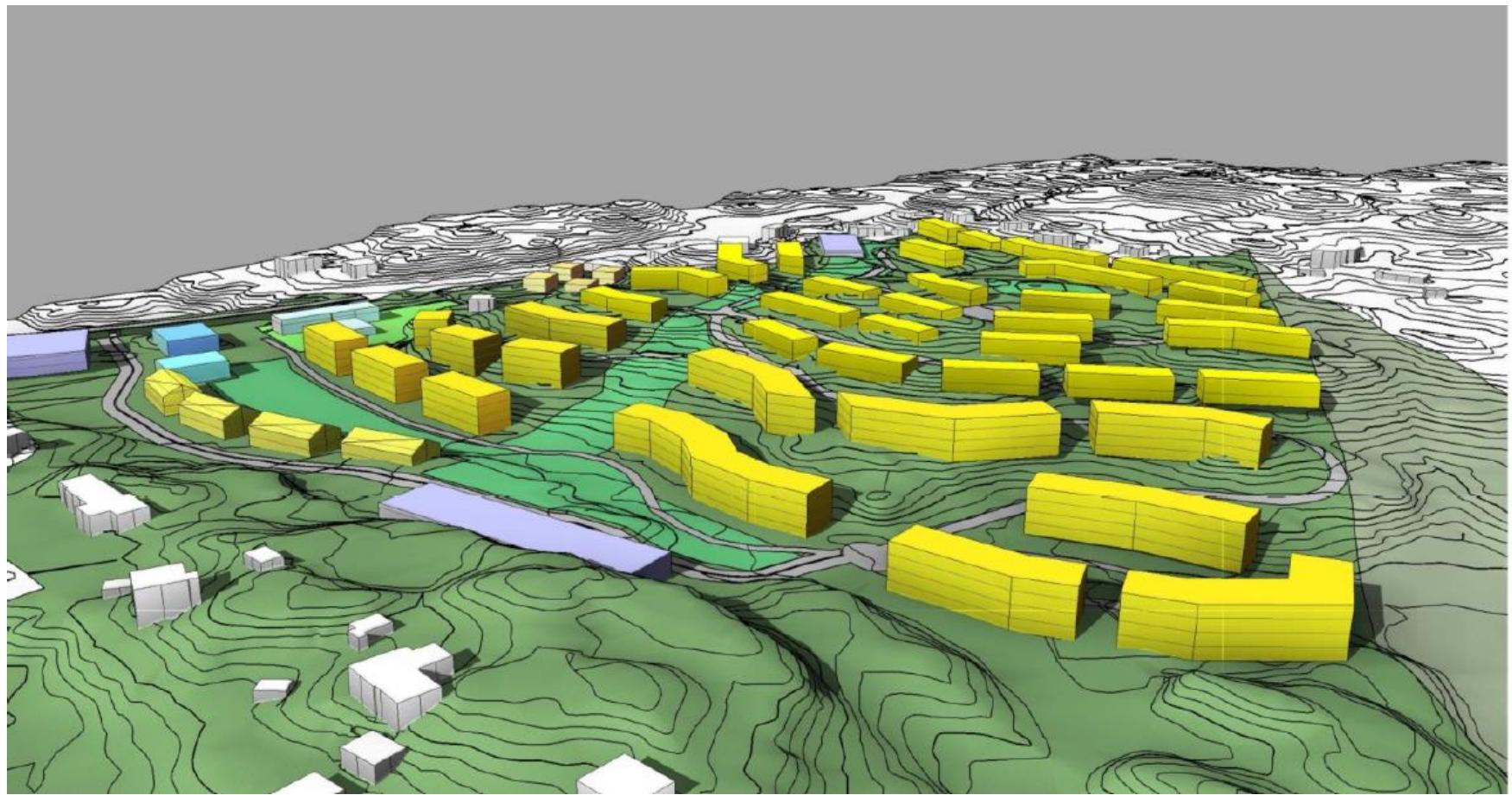


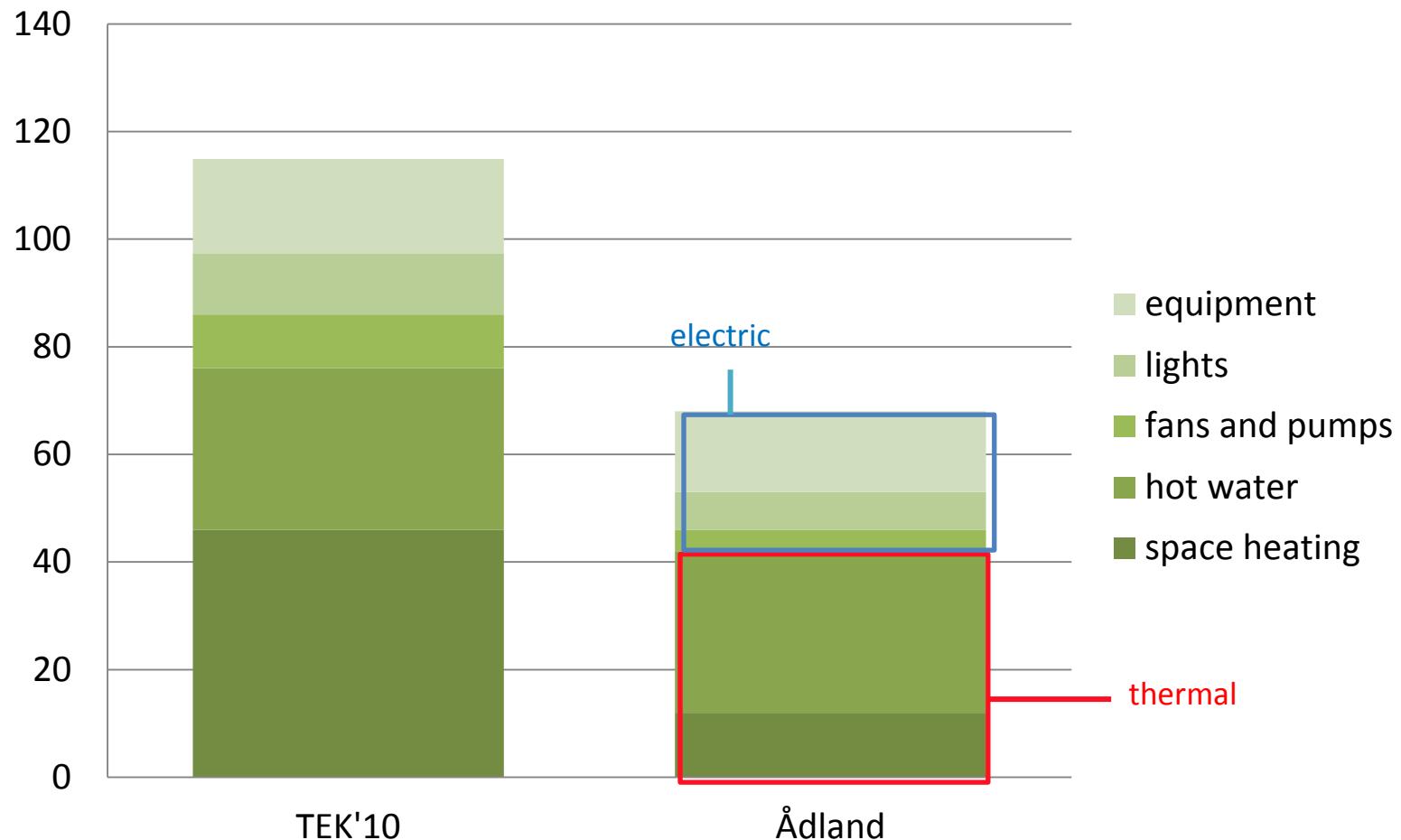
Illustration by Norconsult



The Research Centre on
Zero Emission Buildings



Yearly net energy demand for operation [kWh/m² HFA]



CO₂-utslipp for ulike energikilder

Table 3-3 Specific CO₂-factors employed by the ZEB Research Centre.

Energy carrier	gCO ₂ eq/kWh	References
Electricity from the grid	130	(Dokka 2011), (Dokka et al. 2013a), (Graabak and Feilberg 2011)
Oil (fossil)	285	(Dokka et. al 2013) (Dokka et al. 2013a)
Gas (fossil)	210	(Dokka et. al 2013) (Dokka et al. 2013a)
Wood chips	4 -15	(Dokka et al. 2013a), Lien (2013)
Pellets/briquettes	7 - 30	(Dokka et al. 2013a), Lien (2013)
Biogas from manure	25 - 30	(Dokka et al. 2013a), Lien (2013)
Bio-diesel and bio-oil	50	(Dokka et al. 2013a)
Bio-etanol	85	(Dokka et al. 2013a)
Waste incineration (heat only)	185 - 211	(Dokka et al. 2013a), (Lien 2013)

Energy concepts - 1st analysis

Building envelope and technical installations

Alternative 1

Passive house standard

Highly efficient ventilation system with heat recovery

Natural ventilation and passive cooling in summer

Lighting based on LED

Hot fill washing machines

Energy supply systems

Thermal solar collectors

Ground source heat pump

Photovoltaics

Alternative 2

Passive house standard

Highly efficient ventilation system with heat recovery

Natural ventilation and passive cooling in summer

Lighting based on LED

Hot fill washing machines

Thermal solar collectors

Biogas based CHP

Photovoltaics



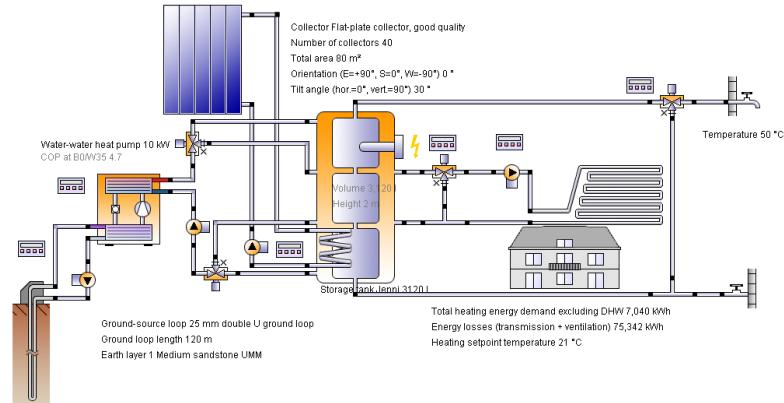
The Research Centre on
Zero Emission Buildings



Alternative 1:

Solar collectors + Ground source heat pump + PV

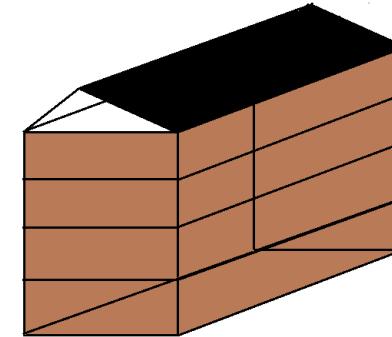
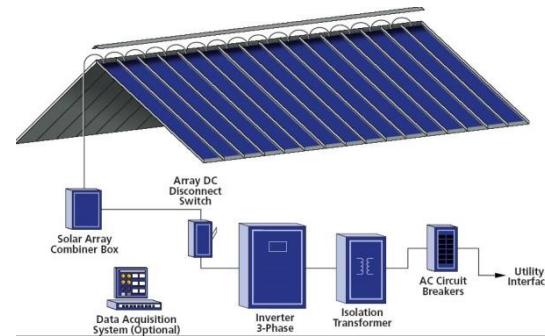
- Local energy central
- Solar collectors, designed to cover 40 % of yearly demand. Gives 5.5 m² per 100 m² HFA.
- Heat pump covers auxilliary thermal energy.
Seasonal COP = 2.7



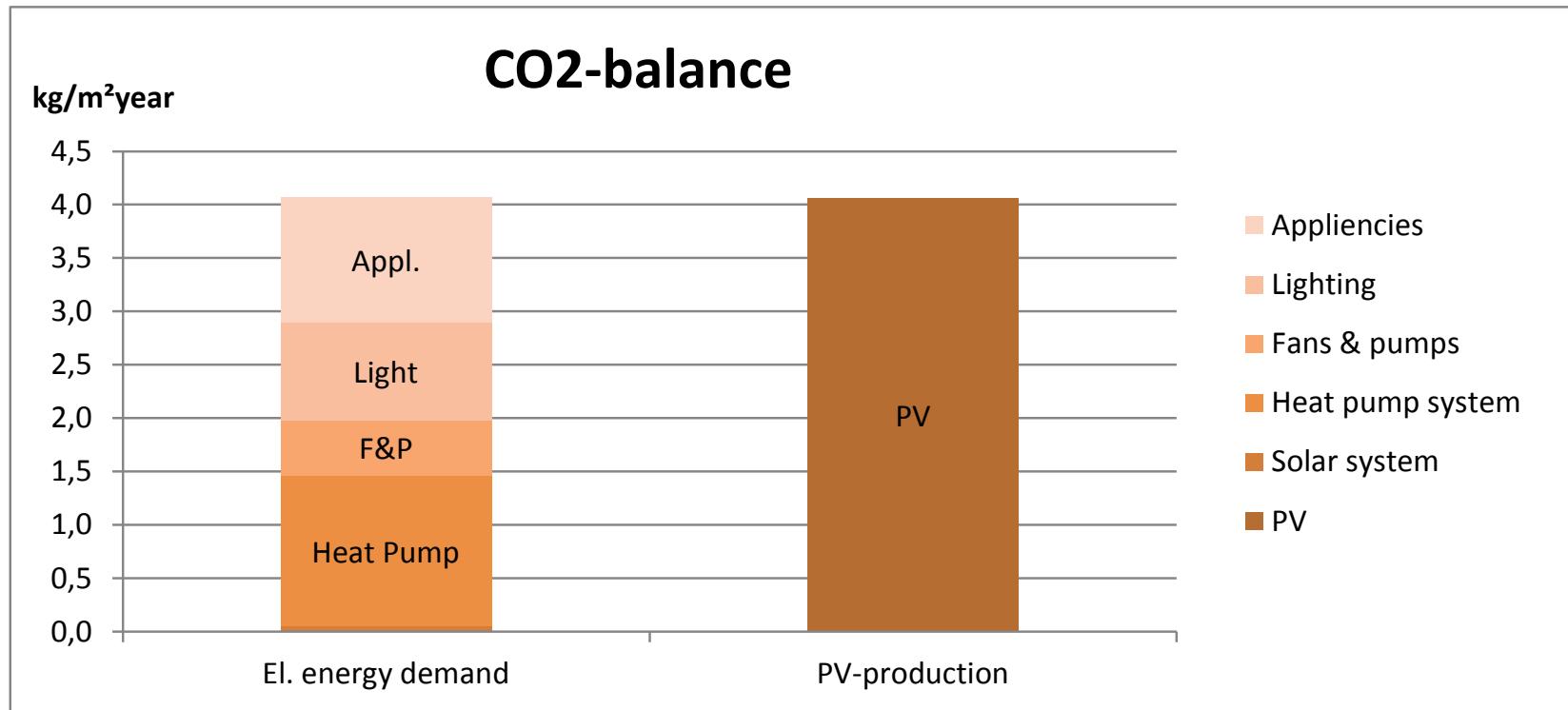
Alternative 1: Solar collectors + Ground source heat pump + PV

In order to achieve Zero yearly balance:

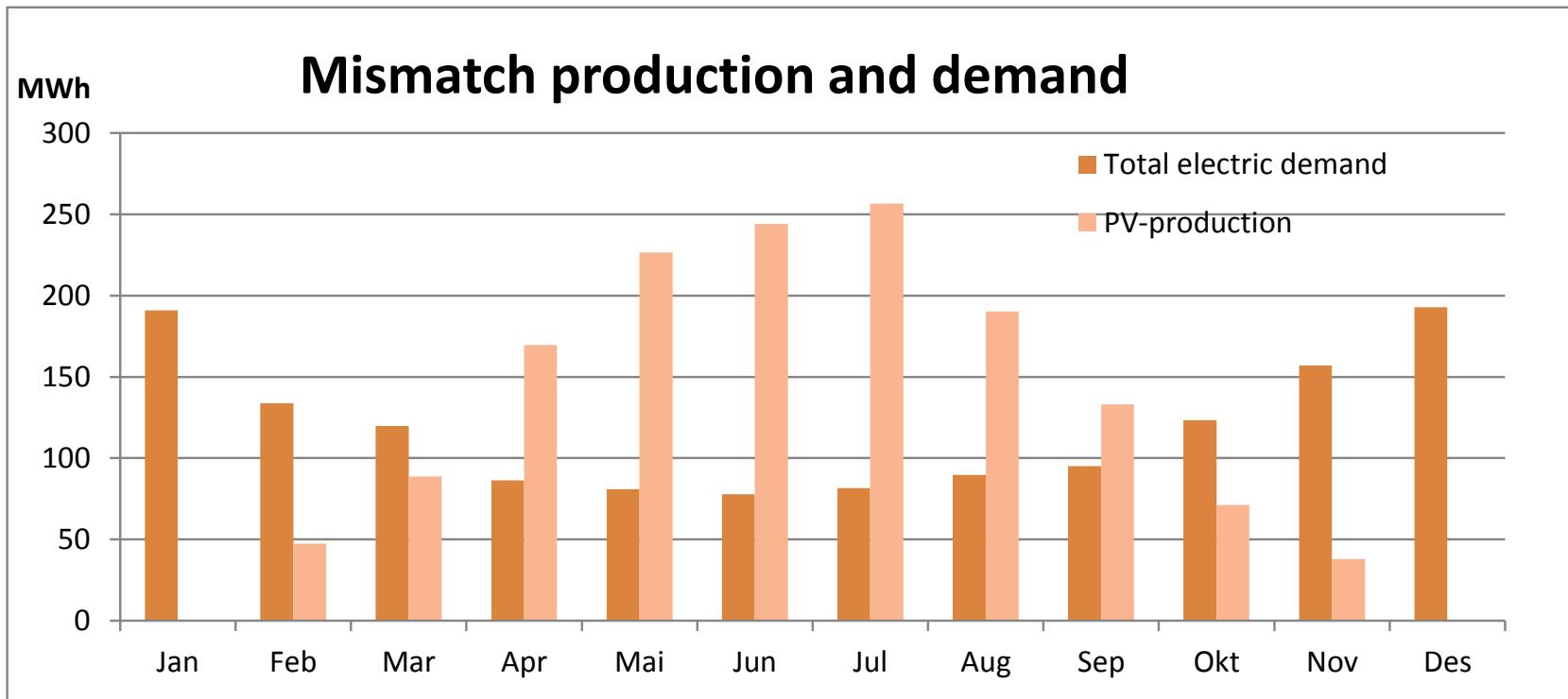
- PV needs to cover 1430 MWh/yr
- Efficiency 15% and yearly solar flux of 902 kWh/m² gives 135 kWh per m² PV area.
- Need 10 560 m² PV, or 22 m² per dwelling.
- Available roof area in preliminary design: 10 630 m².
- Need also 2500 m² for thermal collectors.



Alternative 1: Solar collectors + Ground source heat pump + PV



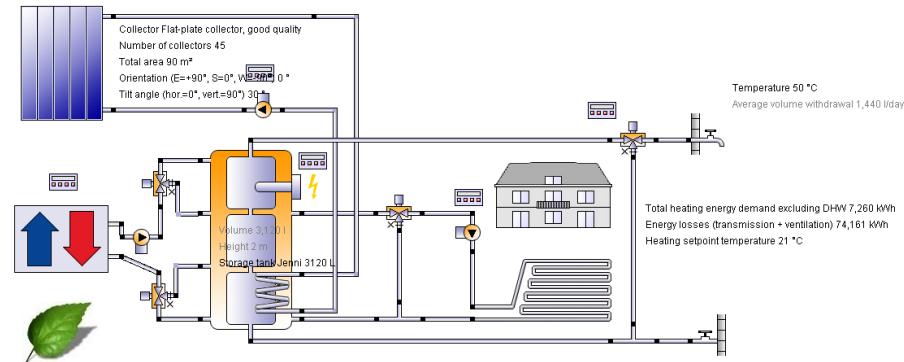
Alternative 1: Solar collectors + Ground source heat pump + PV



Monthly calculation: 50% electricity exported/imported from grid
Larger if hourly calculations

Alternative 2: Solar collectors + CHP + PV

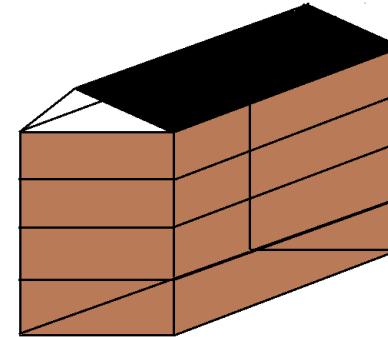
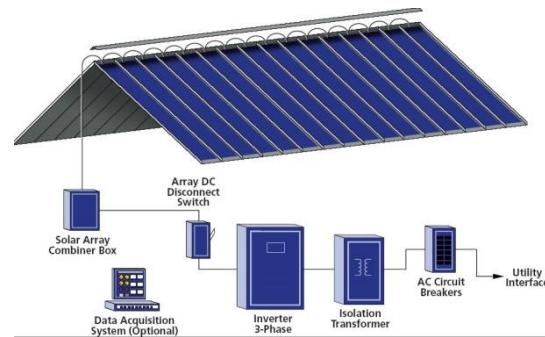
- Local energy central
- Solar collectors on roofs, designed to cover 40 % of yearly demand. Gives 5.5 m² per 100 m² HFA.
- Bio-gas CHP covers auxilliary thermal energy. Thermal efficiency 55 % and electrical efficiency 35 %.



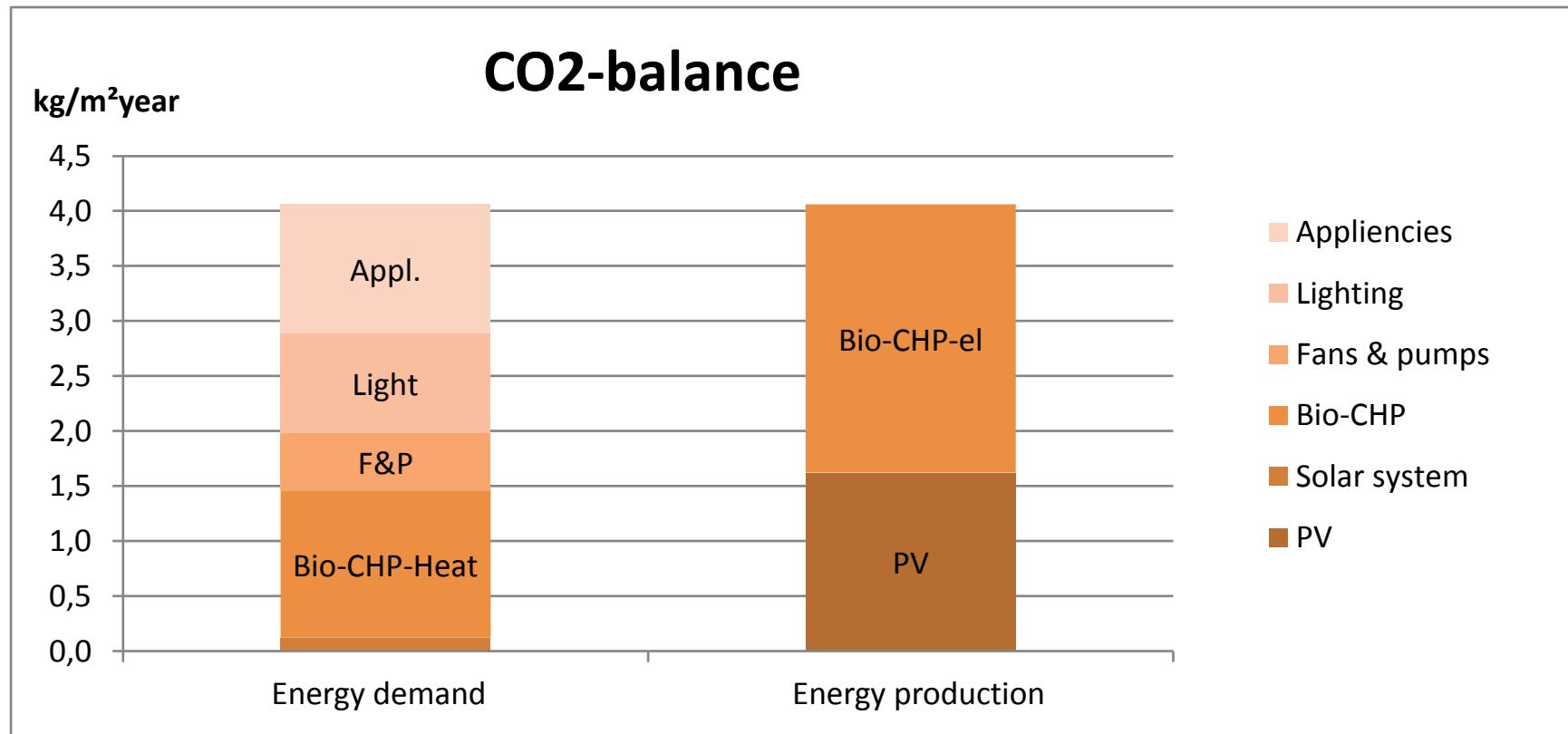
Alternative 2: Solar collectors + CHP + PV

In order to achieve Zero yearly balance:

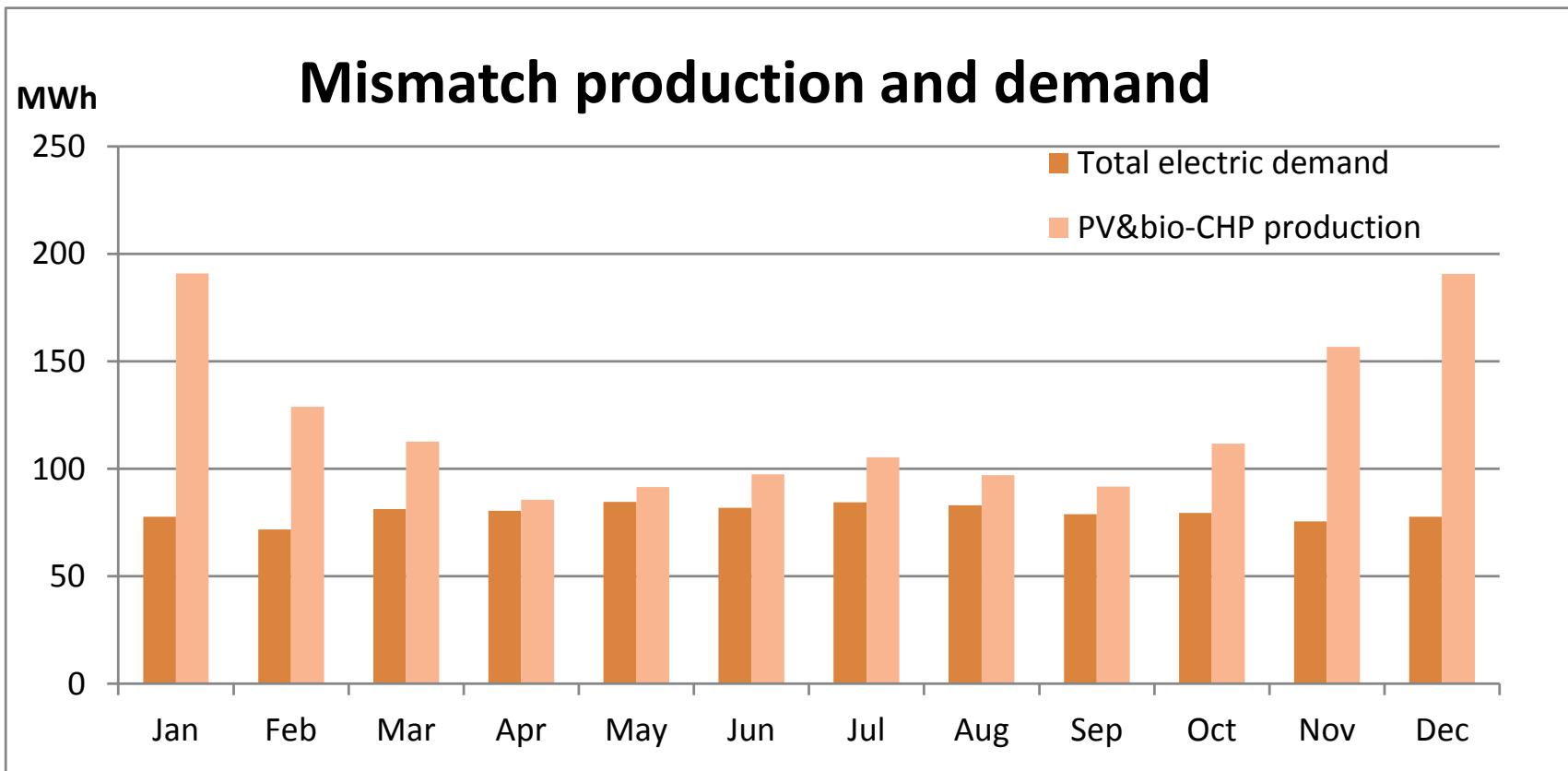
- PV needs to cover 570 MWh/yr
- Efficiency 15% and yearly solar flux of 902 kWh/m² gives 135 kWh per m² PV area.
- Need 4215 m² PV, or 9 m² per dwelling.
- Available roof area in preliminary design: 10 560 m².
- More than room for 2500 m² of thermal collectors on the roofs.



Alternative 2: Solar collectors + CHP + PV

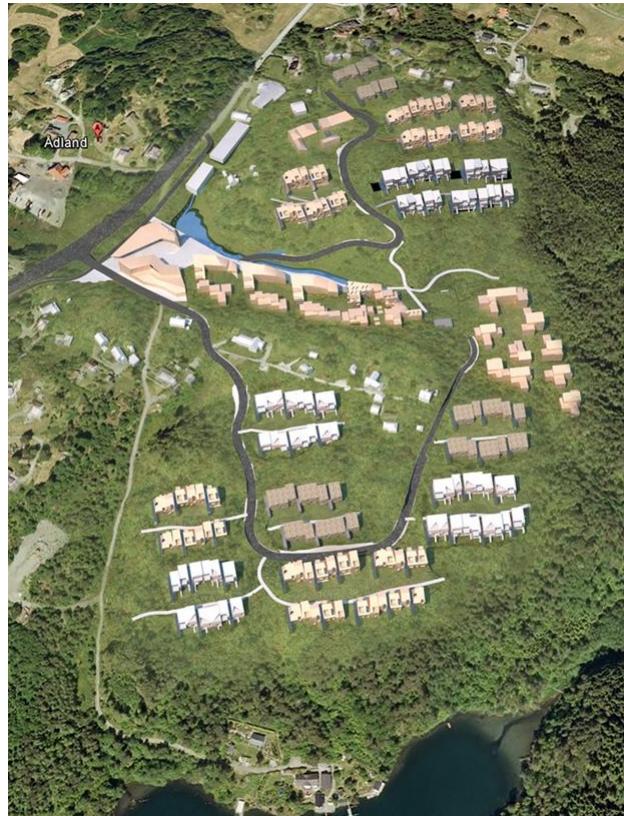


Alternative 2: Solar collectors + CHP + PV

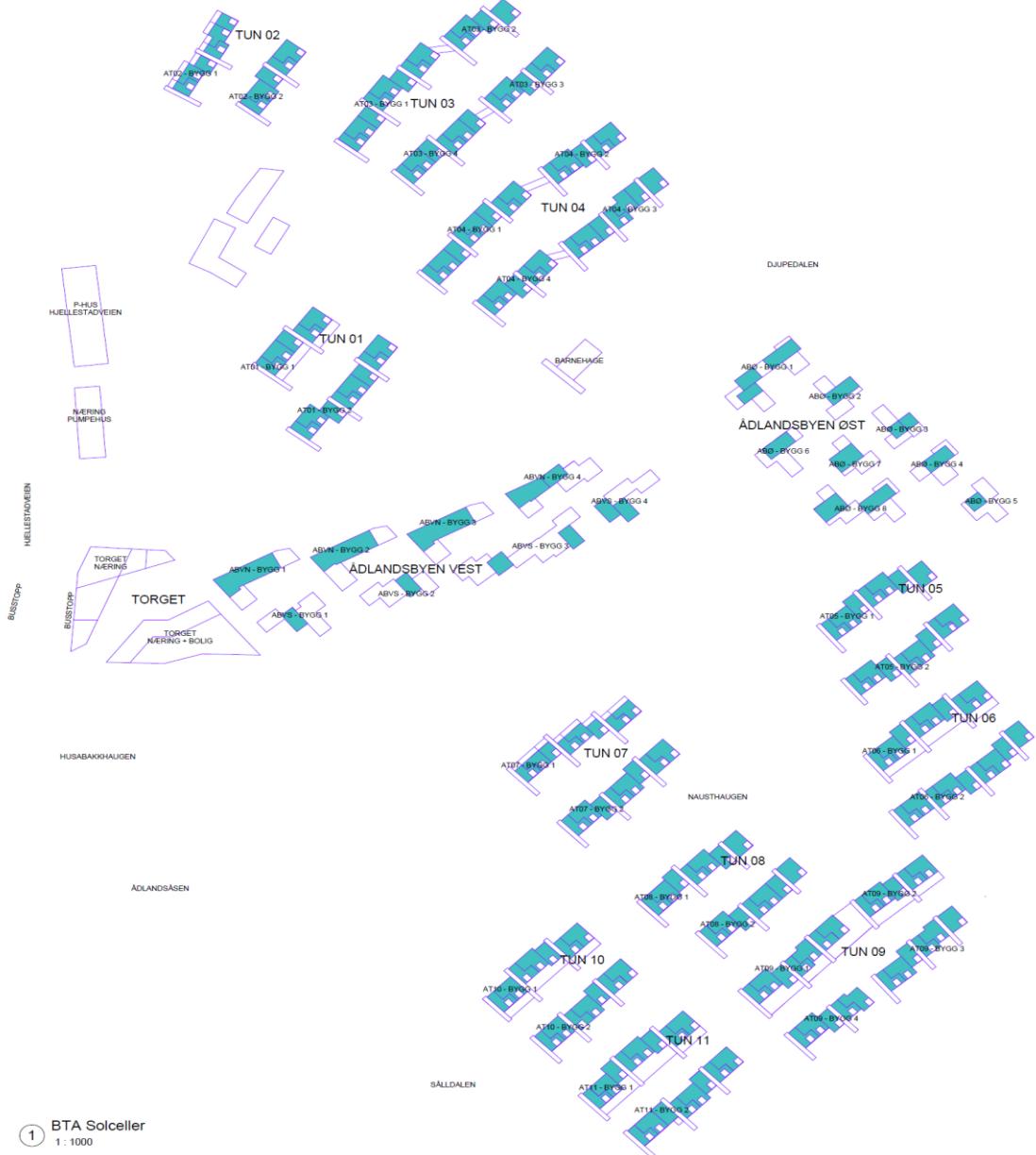


Monthly calculation: 35% electricity exported/imported from grid
Larger if hourly calculations

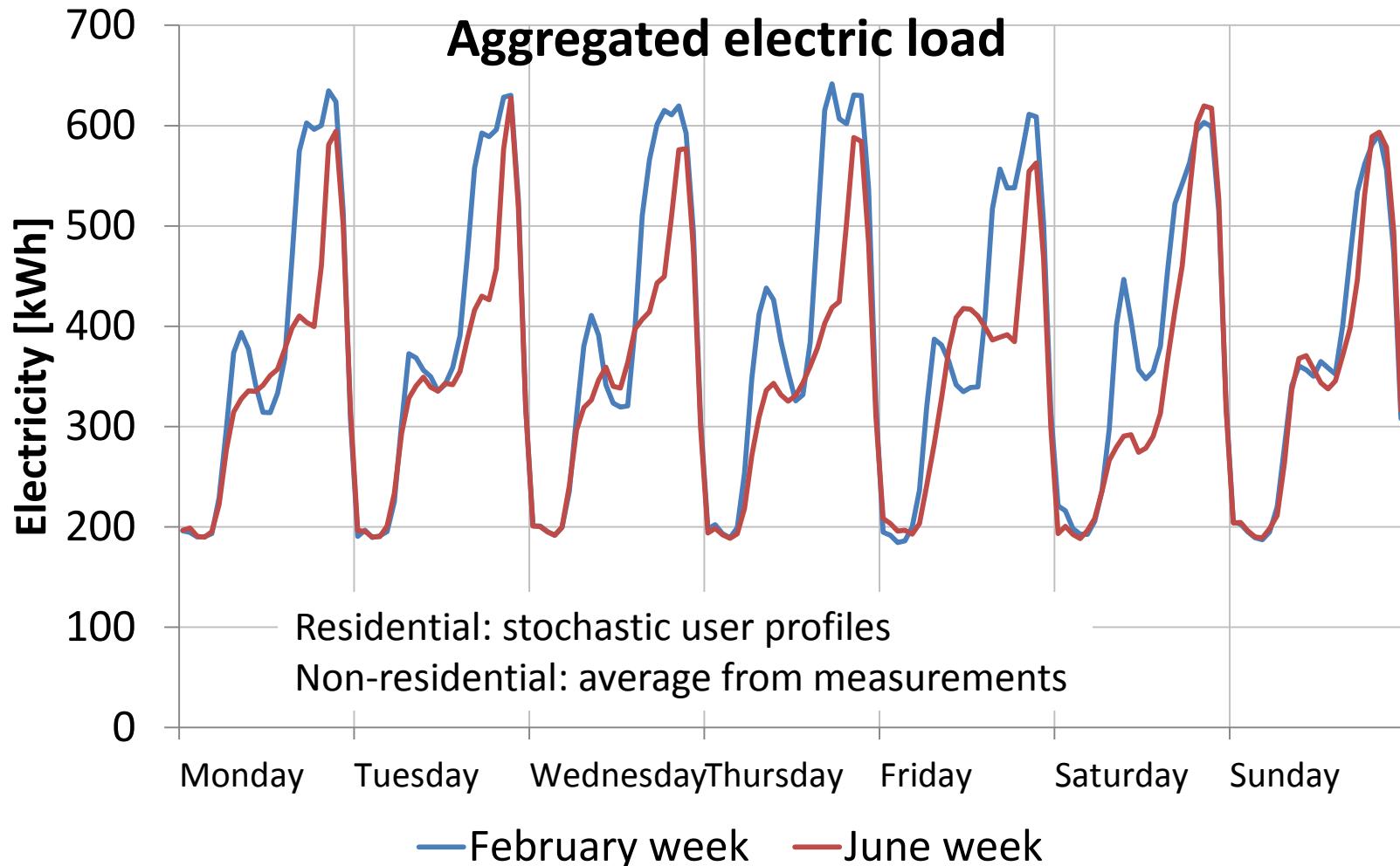
Phase 2: detailed simulations of loads and production



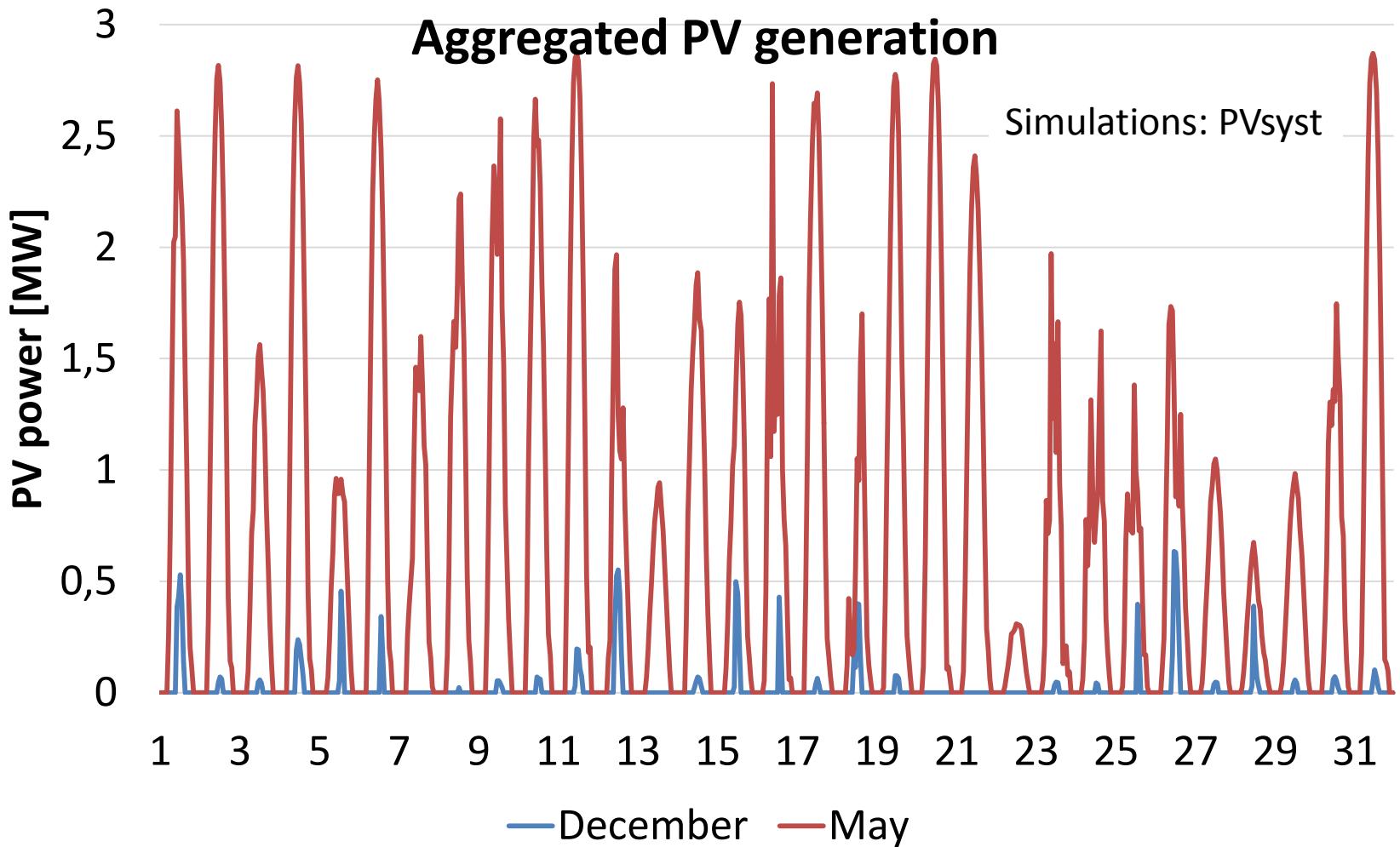
BTA Solceller
1 : 1000



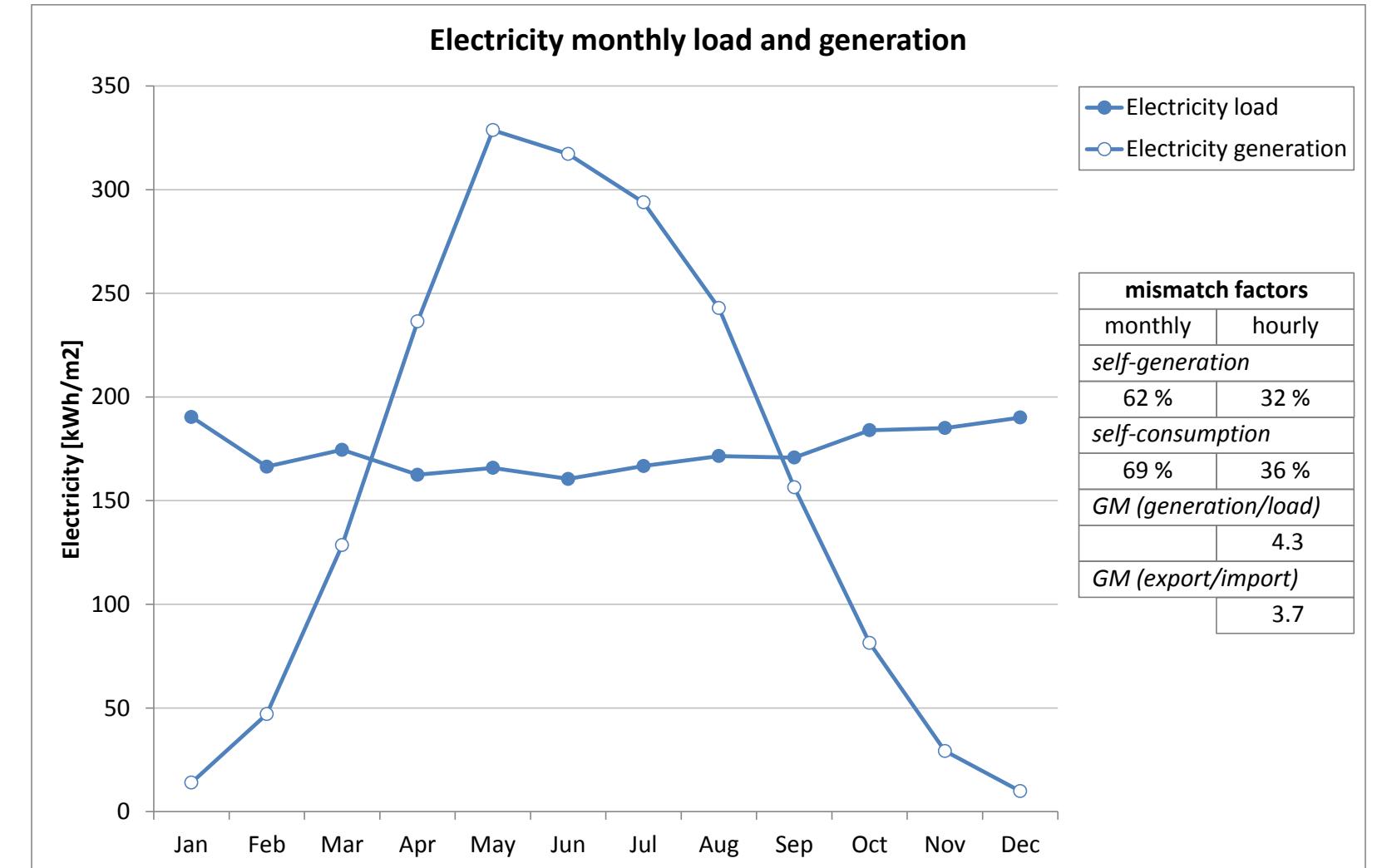
Typical weekly profiles for the electric load



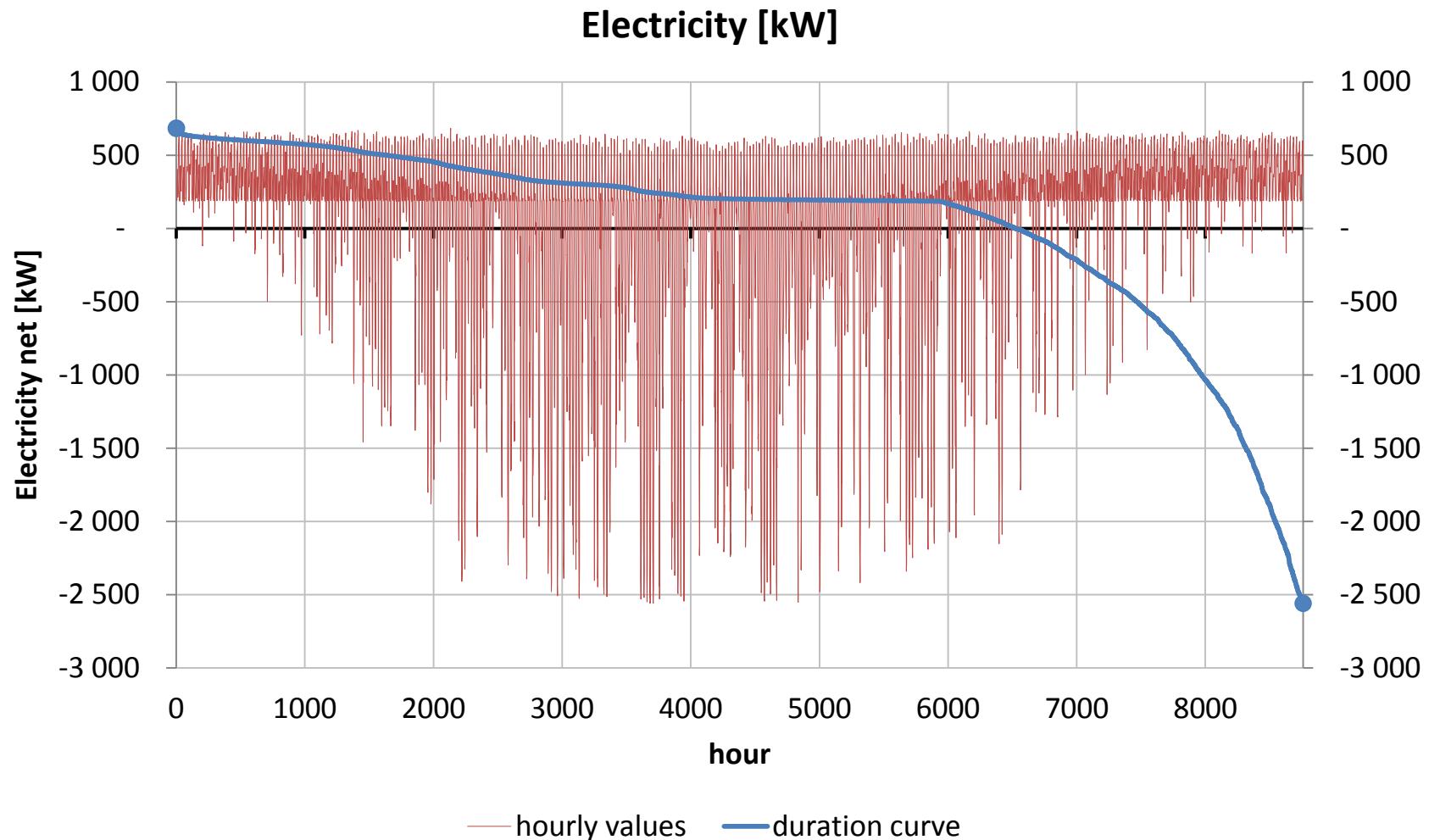
PV generation highest/lowest months



Net delivered electricity – monthly



Net delivered electricity – hourly



Further analyses

- CHP based on biofuels
 - Ground source heat pump
 - Local storage – ground, dhw, electric batteries (cars)
-
- Scenarios for energi/fuel prices, framework conditions, technology development

In cooperation with Bybo, BKK, CMR and ProxLL



The Research Centre on
Zero Emission Buildings



A wide-angle illustration of a modern architectural complex at sunset. On the left, a large building with a curved glass facade sits atop a green hillside. In the center, a long, low building with a textured facade runs along a water feature. To the right, a prominent building with a green roof and a tall, triangular glass spire rises above a modern glass-walled entrance. People are seen walking, cycling, and standing on the roofs of the buildings. The sky is filled with warm, golden clouds.

Thank you!